SUBJECT: STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT - SEM I MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. _____ is when two companies loose their identity and form a new company.

- a. Acquisition
- b. Merger
- c. Amalgamation
- d. Joint venture
- 2. BCG was developed by _____
- a. British corporate Governance
- b. Boston consultancy Group
- c. Bhabha consultancy Group
- d. Boston Corporate Group

3. _____ is basically a funding model for a public infrastructure project.

- a. PPP
- b. PMT
- c. BEST
- d. BHEL
- 4. In the full form of PPP includes one of the 'P' is _____
- a. People
- b. Private
- c. Partner
- d. Profit

5. _____ is a type of man-made disaster.

- a. Cyclone
- b. Earthquake
- c. War
- d. Flood
- 6. Strategy ______ is the final step of strategic management process.
- a. Formulation
- b. Implementation
- c. Evaluation
- d. Planning
- 7. Supplier is a part of ______ factor of the business environment.
- a. Interna
- b. Micro
- c. Macro
- d. Fixed

8. Full form of KPO is _____ process outsourcing.

- a. Known
- b. Kotak
- c. KPO
- d. knowledge

9. A ______ is characterized by the purchased of a smaller company by a larger one.

- a. Merger
- b. Joint venture
- c. Takeover

d. Turnaround

10. A company's mission statement must be _____

- a. Difficult
- b. Clear
- c. Confusing
- d. Outdated

11. _____ is one of benefits of strategic management.

- a. Lack of evaluation
- b. Problem of resistance
- c. Corporate image
- d. Unrealistic mission
- 12. Training is ______ functional strategy.
- a. marketing
- b. Financial
- c. Production
- d. Human resources

13. _____ means the aggregate of all conditions, events and influences that surround and affect it.

- a. Business environment
- b. strategy
- c. Goals
- d. Promotion

14. Financial resources is a part of _____ factor of the business environment.

- a. Internal
- b. Micro
- c. Macro
- d. Fixed

15. Full form of QUEST is _____.

a. Quick Environmental scanning Technique

- b. Quick Environmental survey training
- c. Quick Environmental surfing technique
- d. Quick Environmental scanning technology

16. A ______ refers to a combination of two or more companies into one company.

- a. Acquisition
- b. Merger
- c. Amalgamation
- d. Joint venture

17._____ merger takes place when the merged companies are producing similar type of products or services.

- A. Horizontal
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

18. _____ merger takes place between two companies producing different goods and services.

- a. Horizontal
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

19. _____ merger is between firms that are involved in totally unrelated business activities.

- a. Horizontal
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

20. _____ merger is between firms which are involved into indirectly related business activities.

- a. Horizontal
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

21. _____ is a type of partnership whereby two or more firms come together and establish a new business unit.

- a. Acquisition
- b. Merger
- c. Amalgamation
- d. Joint venture

22. _____ can be defined as entry of a firm into new products and in new markets.

- a. Divestment
- b. Merger
- c. Diversification
- d. Turnaround

23._____ diversification is when a company enters into new business which is closely related with existing line of business.

- a. Horizontal
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

24. _____ diversification involves into such areas or products which are indirectly related to existing line of business.

- a. Horizontal
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

25. _____ diversification involves entry in a totally new areas or business.

- a. Horizontal0
- b. Vertical
- c. Conglomerate
- d. concentric

26. ______ strategy means making a company profitable again.

- a. Divestment
- b. Merger
- c. Diversification
- d. Turnaround

27. ______ strategy involves dropping some of the products, markets or functions.

- a. Divestment
- b. Merger
- c. Diversification
- d. Turnaround

28. ______ strategy is when organization takes a decision to sell its entire business.

- a. Divestment
- b. Liquidation
- c. Diversification
- d. Turnaround

29. _____ is one of the reasons of divestment strategy.

- a. Corporate image
- b. Competitive advantage
- c. Mismatch of business
- d. Survival

30. In BCG matrix question marks are also called as _____

- a. cash cows
- b. Wild cats
- C. Stars
- d. Dogs

31. Under General Electric nine cell matrix Green zone gives the signal for _____

a. wait and watch

- b. Stop
- c. Go ahead
- d. No use

32. Under General Electric nine cell matrix yellow zone gives the signal for _____

- a. wait and watch
- b. Stop
- c. Go ahead
- d. No use

33. Under General Electric nine cell matrix Red zone gives the signal for

- b. Stop
- c. Go ahead
- d. No use

a. waits and watch

34. Full form of SPACE is _____.

a. Strategic position and action evaluation

b. Special position and action evaluation

c. Strong position ang action evaluation

d. Smart position and action evaluation

35. Full form of ETOP is _____.

a. Environmental threat and opportunity profile

b. Environmental technology and opportunity profile

c. Environmental target and opportunity profile

d. Environmental total and opportunity profile

36. BOT is built, operate, and _____

- a. Training
- b. Transfer
- c. Target
- d. Total

37. Full form of PPP is _____

- a. Public private participation
- b. People private participation
- c. Public private people
- d. Public private program

38. _____ is one of advantage of information technology.

- a. Hacking
- b. Loss of jobs
- c. Health problems
- d. Growth and expansion

39. _____ is one of limitation of information technology.

- a. Hacking
- b. Competitive advantage
- c. Corporate image
- d. Growth and expansion

40. _____ is a grave occurrence of having ruinous results.

- a. Disaster
- b. Growth
- c. Venture
- d. Franchising
- 41. Death is a ______ effect of disaster.
- a. Physical
- b. Psychological
- c. Economic
- d. Social
- 42. unemployment is a ______ effect of disaster.
- a. Physical
- b. Psychological
- c. Economic
- d. Social
- 43. stress is a ______ effect of disaster.
- a. Physical
- b. Psychological
- c. Economic
- d. Social

44. The problem of social networking is a ______ effect of disaster.

- a. Physical
- b. Psychological
- c. Economic
- d. Social

45. ______ aims at improvements in performance by redesigning the process.

a. outsourcing

- b. Business process reengineering
- c. Downsizing
- d. De merger

46. _____ involves retrenchment of surplus manpower.

- a. outsourcing
- b. Business process reengineering
- c. Downsizing
- d. De merger

47. _____ restructuring involves a significant change in the financial structure of the firm.

- a. Portfolio
- b. Organizational
- c. Financial
- d. Rehabilitation

48. Which one is not one of the elements of strategic management?

- a. Formulation of strategy
- b. Co-ordination of strategy
- c. Implementation of strategy

d. Evaluation of Strategy

49. In SWOT Analysis, SW refers to the factors that are:

- a. Internal
- b. External
- c. Global
- d. Essential

50. Horizontal Integration Means_____

- a. acquire a profitable business
- b. acquire a loss-making business
- c. acquire business in your own industry
- d. acquire a business from foreign country
- 51. Strategy Evaluation Means _____
- a. comparing costs
- b. comparing time horizon
- c. comparing human resource
- d. company plans with actuals.

52. Strategic management involves the _____, directing, _____ and controlling of a company's strategy-related decisions and actions.

- a. Financing; marketing
- b. Planning; financing
- c. Planning; organizing
- d. Marketing; planning

53. The primary focus of strategic management is:

- a. strategic analysis
- b. the total organisation
- c. strategy formulation

d. strategy implementation.

54. The basis of marketing operations is the coordination of four key variables, namely: product, price, place and _____

- a. Promotion
- b. Positioning
- c. Publicity
- d. Publicity

55. ______refers to set of products which are offered for sale by a firm

- a. Product mix
- b. Product design
- c. Product selling
- d. Product marketing

56. ______refers to a group of related products that share common characteristics,

and channels of distribution.

- a. Product line
- b. Product mix
- c. Product Range
- d. Product selling

57. Which of the following is not a part of the 4 p's pf marketing?

- a. Product
- b. Place
- c. Promotion
- d. Pace

58. ______is an unpaid form of promotion-mix.

- a. Publicity
- b. Advertising
- c. Salesmanship
- d. Loyalty programs

59. Product mix refers to set of products which are _____ by a firm

- a. Produced
- b. Designed
- c. Sold
- d. Offered on sale

60. Product line refers to a group of related products that share characteristics, and channels of distribution.

- a. Different
- b. Common
- c. Equal
- d. Dual
- 61. The main ______ of advertising is to create awareness
- a. Objective
- b. Aim
- c. Motive
- d. All the above

62. ______ is a process of choosing the right person for the right

job.

- a. Recruitment
- b. Selection
- c. Placement
- d. Transfer

63. _____ refers to fitting the right person at the right place of work.

- a. Recruitment
- b. Selection
- c. Placement
- d. Promotion

64. _____ is a systematic description of employee's job relevant strengths and weaknesses

- a. Placement
- b. Induction
- c. Feedback
- d. Performance appraisal

65. Process of searching for prospective employees and stimulating them to apply for job is _____

- a. Selection
- b. Recruitment
- c. Advertisement
- d. None of these

66. _____ consists of planned programs undertaken to improve employee knowledge, attitudes, skill and social behaviour.

- a. Performance appraisal
- b. Training
- c. Recruitment
- d. Induction

67. ______ refers to horizontal movement of employees in respect of job position

- a. Training
- b. Promotion
- c. Transfer
- d. Placement

68. ______ refers to vertical movement of employees in respect of

job position

- a. Training
- b. Promotion
- c. Transfer
- d. Placement

69. BCG in BCG matrix stands for _____

- a. Boston Calmette Group
- b. British Consulting Group
- c. Boston Corporate Group
- d. Boston Consulting Group

70. Which of the following is not part of the micro environment?

- a. Technology
- b. Shareholders
- c. Competitors
- d. Publics

- 71. Which of the following is not a part the Macro Environment?
- a. Laws & Policies
- b. Demographics
- c. Suppliers
- d. Social Values
- 72. Cultural values would be part of which of the following factor in macro environment?
- a. Demographic
- b. Social
- c. Ecological
- d. Natural
- 73. What does Dog symbolize in BCG matrix?
- a. Introduction
- b. Growth
- c. Maturity
- d. Decline

74. What does Stars symbolize in BCG matrix?

- a. Introduction
- b. Growth
- c. Maturity
- d. Decline

75. What does Question Mark (?) symbolize in BCG matrix?

- a. Remain Diversified
- b. Invest
- c. Stable
- d. Liquidate

76. What do Cash Cows symbolize in BCG matrix?

- a. Remain Diversified
- b. Invest
- c. Stable
- d. Liquidate

77. The GE 9 cell model is based on _____

- a. Industry attractiveness & Business Strength
- b. Industry Growth rate & Business strength
- c. Industry Attractiveness & Relative market share
- d. Industry Growth & Relative market share

78. The BCG Matrix is based on _____

- a. Industry attractiveness & Business Strength
- b. Industry Growth rate & Business strength
- c. Industry Attractiveness & Relative market share
- d. Industry Growth rate & Relative market share
- 79. In strategic thinking, how long is the long term, approximately?
- a. 1 Month to 1 year
- b. 2 to 3 years
- c. 3 to 5 years
- d. More than 5 years

80. The word tactic is most likely to be associated with _____

- a. Business Strategy
- b. Corporate strategy
- c. Operational Strategy
- d. All of the above

81. In BCG matrix, ______ is the label of the horizontal axis

- a. Relative Market share
- b. Business Strength
- c. Industry Growth Rate
- d. Market Growth Rate

82. In BCG Matrix, what is the label of the Vertical axis?

- a. Relative Market share
- b. Business Strength
- c. Industry Growth Rate
- d. Market Growth Rate

83. In GE 9 cell matrix, what is the label of the horizontal axis?

- a. Relative Market share
- b. Industry Attractiveness
- c. Industry Growth Rate
- d. Market Growth Rate
- 84. The fundamental purpose for the existence of any organization is described by its
- a. policies
- b. mission
- c. procedures
- d. strategy

85. The acronym SWOT stands for

- a. Special Weapons for Operations Timeliness
- b. Services, Worldwide Optimization, and Transport
- c. Strengths Worldwide Overcome Threats
- d. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats
- 86. Which of the following is NOT a major element of the strategic management process?
- a. Formulating strategy
- b. Implementing strategy
- c. Evaluating strategy
- c. Assigning administrative tasks

87. The three organizational levels are:

a. corporate level, business level, functional level

b. corporate level, business unit level, functional level

c. corporate strategy level, business unit level, functional level

d. corporate strategy level, business level, specialist level

88. What is meant by the term 'Stakeholder'?

a. A person who is not related with a business.

b. A person who is related with a business.

c. A person who owns a business.

d. A person who purchases the shares of a business.

89. The environmental segments that comprise the general environment typically will NOT include

a. demographic factors.

b. sociocultural factors.

c. substitute products or services.

d. technological factors.

90. Internal analysis enables a firm to determine what the firm a. can do.

b. should do.

c. will do.

d. might do.

91. An external analysis enables a firm to determine what the firm a. can do.

b. should do.

c. will do.

d. might do.

92. Long-term objectives should be all of the following except:

a. measurable.

- b. continually changing.
- c. reasonable.

d. consistent.

93. What are guides to decision making?

a. laws

b. rules

c. policies

d. procedures

94. Which group would not be classified as a stakeholder?

- a. Communities
- b. policies

c. Suppliers

d. Employees

95. The immediate external environment includes:

a. Divisions

b. S. B. U. s

c. Competitors

d. Management

96. Strategic management process activate in the sequence of ______ a. Environmental scanning, Strategy formulation, Implementation, control and evaluation

b. Strategy formulation, Environmental scanning, Implementation, control and evaluation

c. Environmental scanning, Strategy Implementation, formulation, control and evaluation

d. Strategy formulation, Implementation, control, evaluation, Environmental scanning

- 97. What are the means by which long-term objectives will be achieved?
- a. Strategies.
- b. Strengths.
- c. Weaknesses.

d. Policies.

98. The term strategy is derived from a ______ word 'strategos'

- a. Latin
- b. Greek
- c. Chinese
- d. German
- 99. Strategic management is the management of an organization's resources to achieve its ______
- a. Profit
- b. goals and objectives.
- c. Market Share
- d. Competitive Advantage

100. Different levels of strategic decision making and strategy formulation in any organization Does not include

- a. Financial
- b. Corporate
- c. Functional
- d. Business

101. Different levels of strategic decision making and strategy formulation in any organization include

- a. Corporate Level and Business Level
- b. Corporate Level and Functional Level
- c. Business Level and Functional Level
- d. Corporate, Business and Functional Level

102. Which of the following does not include the characteristics of Strategic Management?

- a. Reactive
- b. Multidimensional
- c. Systematic

d. Dynamic

103. The process of strategic management is a/an _____ one that changes as the organizational goals and objectives evolve

- a. Continuous
- b. Interesting
- c. Systematic
- d. Stable

104. Which of the following defines how each individual business unit will attempt to achieve its mission?

- a. Business strategy
- b. Corporate strategy
- c. Functional strategy
- d. National strategy

105. The task of strategy choice involves:

a. developing plans and activities which will improve the organisation's performance and competitive position

b. determining how the organisation can be more market and efficiency oriented

c. monitoring whether the organisation is achieving good financial performance

d. keeping the organisation free of debt

106. The three organizational levels are:

a. corporate level, business level, functional level

b. corporate level, business unit level, functional level

c. corporate strategy level, business unit level, functional level

d. corporate strategy level, business level, specialist level

107. What is meant by the term 'Stakeholder'?

- a. A person who is not related with a business.
- b. A person who is related with a business.
- c. A person who owns a business.

d. A person who purchases the shares of a business.

108. The goal of the organization's ______ is to capture the hearts and minds of employees, challenge them, and evoke their emotions and dreams.

- a. vision
- b. mission
- c. culture
- d. strategy

109. A firm's mission

a. is a statement of a firm's business in which it intends to compete and the customers which it intends to serve.

b. is an internally-focused affirmation of the organization's financial, social, and ethical goals.

c. is mainly intended to emotionally inspire employees and other stakeholders.

d. is developed by a firm before the firm develops its vision.

110. Internal analysis enables a firm to determine what the firm

- a. can do.
- b. should do.
- c. will do.
- d. might do.

111. An external analysis enables a firm to determine what the firm a. can do.

- b. should do.
- c. will do.
- d. might do.

112. What can be defined as the art and science of formulating, implementing and evaluating cross-functional decisions that enable an organization to achieve its objectives?

- a. Strategy formulation
- b. Strategy evaluation
- c. Strategy implementation
- d. Strategic management

113. Which individuals are most responsible for the success and failure of an organization?

- a. Strategists
- b. Financial planners
- c. Personnel directors
- d. Stakeholders

114. Which of the following is an element of a firm's remote external environment?

- a. Competition
- b. Political agencies
- c. Suppliers
- d. Trade union

115. The immediate external environment includes:

- a. Divisions
- b. S. B. U. s
- c. Competitors
- d. Management

116. Strategic management involves the _____, directing, _____ and controlling of a company's strategy-related decisions and actions.

- a. Financing; marketing
- b. Planning; financing
- c. Planning; organizing
- d. Marketing; planning

117. Which of the following resources is used by all organizations to achieve desired objectives?

- a. Financial resources,
- b. Physical resources,
- c. Human resources
- d. All of the mentioned options

118. Strategic issues require which level of management decisions?

- a. Operative
- b. Top
- c. Front-line
- d. Middle

119. "A possible and desirable future state of an organization" is called:

- a. Mission
- b. Vision
- c. Strategy implementation
- d. None of above

120. Strategic decisions are based on what managers_____

rather than on what they_____.

- a. Know; forecast
- b. React to; anticipate
- c. Forecast; know
- d. Compromise with; analyze

121. Organizing means an identifiable group of people contributing their efforts towards the attainment of same goal. It is important at the time of:

- a. Environmental scanning
- b. Strategy formulation
- c. Strategy Implementation
- d. Strategy evaluation

122. The term strategy is derived from the word 'strategos' which means

- a. Tactics
- b. Leadership
- c. Generalship
- d. Management

123. The Growth strategy is also called as ______ strategy.

- a. Expansion
- b. functional
- c. Reactional
- d. strategical

124. Authority refers to _____

- a. Power to take decisions
- b. Reward for action
- c. Obligation
- d. Permission

125. Corporate restructuring may be undertaken to improve the ______of the firm.

- a. Corporate image
- b. Difficulties
- c. problems
- d. limitation

126. On the basis of ______ analysis the management sets the goals.

- a. SWAP
- b. SWOT
- c. SWOB
- d. SWAM

127. ______ to the service staff is required to improve their

- knowledge and skills
- a. Training
- b. preference of customer
- c. problems of department
- d. selection

128. Competitors in business environment are part of ______.

- a. Micro
- b. Internal
- c. macro
- d. management

129. Companies selling same products but compete in different markets are called ______.

- a. Market extension
- b. Product extension
- c. Concentric market
- d. market challenge

130. Turnaround strategy means making the company _____ again

- a. Growth
- b. systematic
- c. Stability
- d. profitable

131. Mergers result in ______ for the company.

- a. Problems
- b. Economies of scale
- c. Loss
- d. mis-management

132. A ______ is the potential to view things ahead of themselves.

- a. vision
- b. goal
- c. strategy
- d. mission

131. level of strategy is needed for the company as a whole

- a. Corporate
- b. business
- c. functional
- d. financial

132. In _____ pricing strategy high price are charged in order to earn high profit margins

- a. Skimming
- b. dealer's incentive
- c. penetration
- d. area distribution

133. Corporate restructuring may be undertaken to improve the _____ of the firm

- a. Corporate image
- b. Information Technology
- c. problems
- d. management

134. _____ can be one of the reasons for problem in strategic alliance

- a. Difference of opinion
- b. growth
- c. loyalty
- d. survival

135. BOT stands for _____

a. Build Own Transfer

b. Build Operate Transfer

c. Buy Own Transfer

d. Borrow Own Transfer

136. SPV in context of Joint Venture strategy is_____

a. Speed Payment Variance

b. Special Purpose Vehicle

c. Special Patriotic Venture

d. Special Private Venue

137. IoT stands for

a. Internet of Things

b. Interest on Turnover

c. Interested Owners Things

d. Inter organisational Tribunal

138. Public sector enters in the contract with the private sector party and contract is signed for a period of 1 to 3 years. This strategy is known as a. PPP

b. BPO

c. Service Contract Strategy

d.KPO

139. ______ is contract between two parties, especially in different countries involving transfer of rights and resources.

- a. Outsourcing
- b. Inhouse sourcing
- c. Franchising
- d. SLA

140. BPR stands for

- a. Business Process Reengineeering
- b. Business Process Renewal
- c. Build Private Resources
- d. Build pivot Rescaling

141. Due to outsourcing, domestic and foreign firms can focus on _____ activities

- a. Secondary
- b. Peripheral
- c. Core
- d. Optional

142. Air, water, soil pollution are _____ disaster

- a. Natural
- b. Manmade
- c. Random
- d. accidental

143. The fundamental purpose for the existence of any organization is described by its

a. policies

b. mission

- c. procedures
- d. strategy

144. The fundamental purpose of an organization's mission statement is to

a. create a good human relations climate in the organization

b. define the organization's purpose in society

c. define the operational structure of the organization

d. generate good public relations for the organization

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146. Which of the following is NOT a major element of the strategic

management process?

a. Formulating strategy

b. Implementing strategy

c. Evaluating strategy

d. Assigning administrative tasks

147. Competitive advantage can best be described as:

a. increased efficiency.

b. what sets an organization apart.

c. a strength of the organization.

d. intangible resources.

148. The primary focus of strategic management is:

a. strategic analysis

b. the total organisation

c. strategy formulation

d. strategy implementation.

<u>149. Which of the following defines how each individual business unit</u> will attempt to achieve its mission?
<u>a. Business strategy</u>
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<u>c. Functional strategy</u>
<u>d. National strategy</u> 150. The three organizational levels are:

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b. sociocultural factors.

c. substitute products or services.

d. technological factors.